AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application;

Listing of Claims:

- 1. 11. (Canceled).
- 12. (Currently Amended) A curable polycyclic compound represented by the following formula (1):

(wherein A is a di-to hexa-valent group derived from a polycyclic hydrocarbon compound; R^{+} is an alkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a perfluoroalkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or a fluorine atom; n is an integer of 0 to 2; m is an integer of 2 to 4; and Y is a group represented by the following formula (2):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^2 & R^4 \\
\hline
\begin{pmatrix} C \\ C \\ R^3 \end{pmatrix}_p & O - CH_2 \\
\end{array}$$

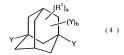
(wherein R²-and R² are each independently a hydrogen atom, a fluorine atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms; R⁴ is a methyl-group or an ethyl-group; and p is an integer of 0 to 4), or a group represented by the following formula (3):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R^5 \\
\hline
 & C \\
R^6 \\
q
\end{array}$$
Q=CH₂

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & C \\
\hline
 & C \\
 & C \\
 & C \\
 & C \\
 & C \\$$

(wherein R⁵-and R⁶ are each independently a hydrogen atom, a fluorine atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and q is an integer of 0 to 4));

wherein the following formula (4):



+wherein R¹ is an alkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a perfluoroalkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or a fluorine atom; a is an integer of 0 to 2; b is an integer of 0 to 2; and Y is a group represented by the following formula (3.1):

- 13. (Previously Presented) A curable polycyclic compound according to Claim 12, wherein, in the formula (4), a is 0 (zero).
- 14. (Previously Presented) A curable polycyclic compound according to Claim 12, wherein the content of the halogen molecule or halogen ion contained as an impurity is 100 to 2,000 ppm.
- 15. (Previously Presented) A curable polycyclic compound represented by the general formula (7.1):

{wherein R^1 , Y, a and b have the same definitions as in the formula (4); and s' is an integer of 1 to 3}.

- 16. (Currently Amended) A curable composition characterized by comprising a curable polycyclic compound set forth in any-of Claim 12 and a curing agent.
 - 17. (Previously Presented) An encapsulant for light-emitting diode, comprising a

curable composition set forth in Claim 16.

 (Previously Presented) A light-emitting diode encapsulated by an encapsulant set forth in Claim 17.

 (Previously Presented) A process for producing a polycyclic epoxy compound represented by the following formula (8.1);

{wherein R¹ is an alkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a perfluoroalkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or a fluorine atom; a is an integer of 0 to 2; b is an integer of 0 to 2; and Y is a group represented by the following formula (3.1)}:

, which process is characterized by comprising the following steps (a) to (c):

a step (a) of reacting a polycyclic hydroxy compound represented by the following formula (9.1):

 $\{$ wherein R^{1} , a and b have the same definitions as in the formula (8.1) $\}$, with an alkali metal or an alkaline metal hydride to obtain an alcoholate,

a step (b) of reacting the alcoholate obtained in the step (a), with an allyl group-

containing compound represented by the following formula (10):

$$X-CH_2-CH-CH_2$$
 (10)

(wherein X is a halogen atom or a sulfonyloxy group) to obtain a polycyclic allyl compound represented by the following formula (11.1):

$$\begin{array}{c} (R^1)_a \\ \\ W \end{array} \qquad \qquad (11.1)$$

[wherein R^1 , a and b have the same definitions as in the formula (8.1); and W is a group represented by the following formula (12.1) 1:

$$---$$
O-CH₂---CH----CH₂ (12.1)

, and

a step (c) of oxidizing the polycyclic allyl compound obtained in the step (b).

20. (Previously Presented) A polycyclic allyl compound represented by the following formula (11.1):

{wherein R^1 is an alkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, a perfluoroalkyl group of 1 to 4 carbon atoms, or a fluorine atom; a is an integer of 0 to 2; b is an integer of 0 to 2; and W is a group represented by the following formula (12.1):

$$---$$
O $-$ CH $_2$ $---$ CH $=$ CH $_2$ (12.1).